

68. (NEW) The method of claim 66, wherein items identified by the selected unique identifiers are delivered electronically as a bundle.
69. (NEW) The system of claim 66, wherein the parser module is implemented on a server computer.
70. (NEW) The system of claim 66, wherein the parser module is implemented on a client computer.
71. (NEW) The method of claim 66, wherein the request comprises an image.

#### **REMARKS**

Applicant wishes to thank Examiner Lewis for the courtesy of a telephone interview conducted on September 11, 2007, where the Snyder (6,038,561) reference was discussed with respect to "word or keyword identifiers" in Snyder's "concept query." Applicant also thanks the Examiner for the careful and detailed examination she has performed. Claim amendments were discussed and are incorporated hereinbelow. Claim amendments (with respect to the previous set of claims) to overcome the Snyder reference are discussed below under "response to rejections." Claim amendments not discussed below were made only to clarify the invention and were not made to overcome Snyder or any other art of record. Applicant believes the instant submission is a complete response to the Examiner's Action of April 6, 2007.

New claims 48-71 are presented. These claims do not introduce any new matter, as they are fully supported by the original specification, claims, and figures. Additionally, these new claims do not introduce any new issues. Therefore, Applicant requests entry of the above amendment and allowance of the newly presented claims.

## **RESPONSE TO REJECTIONS**

### **Response to rejection under 35 USC 102(e)**

Claims 1-47 have been rejected under 35 USC 102(e) over Snyder (6,038,561). Applicant has canceled claims 1-47. Applicant submits that new claims 48-71 are allowable over Snyder (6,038,561) for at least the following reasons.

The Examiner relies upon the "concept" query disclosed in Snyder. The "concept query" takes a text input, such as a sentence, and uses keywords (or combinations thereof) in the sentence to search a database to see if there is anything in the database related to the keywords without knowing ahead of time the number of hits. Therefore, Snyder's "concept query" DOES NOT contain any unique identifiers as required by the claim language. Applicant submits that "keywords" are not the same as "unique identifiers."

On page 3 of the April 6, 2007 Office Action, the Examiner alleges that "the 'unique identifiers' of Snyder is a text string." Applicant respectfully disagrees that Snyder's text string is, or contains, unique identifiers. Snyder's text string, as utilized in a "concept query," does not contain any unique identifiers. Snyder's text string contains identifiers (words or keywords), but does not unique identifiers. The reason Snyder's text string lacks unique identifiers is because the words or keywords do not uniquely identify items. Rather, the words or keywords non-uniquely identify an unknown quantity of items. A unique identifier claimed herein can identify one item, much like a social security number can identify one person.

With respect to Snyder's "patent query", Applicant mentioned in the last response that "there is a 1:1 relationship between a patent unique identifier and the patent itself." This statement holds true for Snyder's "concept query" too. In order to clarify this point, Applicant has inserted the following language into all independent claims: "wherein the number of unique identifiers provided to the user for selection is the same as the number of items for retrieval."

With respect to claims 49, 55, 62 and 68, Snyder does not teach electronic delivery of files as a bundle. Because Snyder does not teach the claimed invention Snyder cannot anticipate.

With respect to claims 51, 56, 64 and 70, Snyder does not teach a parsing step executed by a client computer. Because Snyder does not teach the claimed invention Snyder cannot anticipate.

With respect to claims 50, 54, 61 and 67, Snyder does not teach multimedia files, image files, or program files. Because Snyder does not teach the claimed invention Snyder cannot anticipate.

With respect to claims 59, 65 and 71, Snyder does not teach a request comprising an image. Because Snyder does not teach the claimed invention Snyder cannot anticipate.

### **CONCLUSION**

For the reason stated above, Applicant believes claims 48-71 are patentable. Applicant respectfully requests withdrawal of all rejections and issuance of claims 48-71.

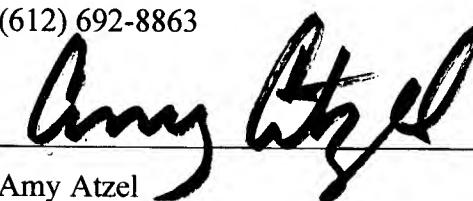
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